## RAMAKRISHNA MISSION VIDYAMANDIRA

(Residential Autonomous College under University of Calcutta)

## FIRST YEAR B.A./B.SC. FIRST SEMESTER (July – December), 2011 Mid-Semester Examination, September, 2011

Date : 13/09/2011 Time : 11 am – 12 noon COMPUTER SCIENCE (General) Paper : I

Full Marks : 25

 $[12.5 \times 2 = 25]$ 

## Answer any two questions out of three questions:

- 1. a) Find the 10's complement of  $(935)_{11}$ 
  - b) Convert the following :
    - i)  $(0.342)_6 = (?)_2$
    - ii)  $(1032 \cdot 2)_4 = (?)_{16}$
  - c) Is 8-4-2-1 code a self-complementary code? If so, justify.
  - d) Is NAND operation associative? Justify your answer using an illustration.  $[3+5+2+2\frac{1}{2} = 12\frac{1}{2}]$
- 2. a) What do you mean by Universal gate? Show NOR gate is an Universal gate.
  - b) i)  $F(w, x, y, z) = \sum m (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14)$ . Simplify the boolean function using K-map.
    - ii) "Gray code technique is used in K-map" -- Justify
  - c) Express the Boolean function F = xy + x'z in product Of maxterm form.
  - d) The equation  $5x^2 50x + 125 = 0$  has its roots as 5 and 8. Find base of the number system.

 $[(1+2)+(3+1)+2\frac{1}{2}+3=12\frac{1}{2}]$ 

- 3. a) Convert  $(2AC5 \cdot D)_{16}$  to decimal, octal and binary.
  - b) If xy = 0, then prove that x'y + xy' = x+y
  - c) Design a combinational circuit that take 3 bits binary number as input and convert them into their equivalent Gray Code.  $[2\frac{1}{2}+2+8=12\frac{1}{2}]$